

九年级英语秋学期第一次月考模拟试题（国庆作业）

本卷听力部分可扫码在【人工智能听力训练】内完成
 国庆期间学生可扫码提交本卷答案获得人工智能批改
 国庆假期后老师可扫码查看本卷批改报告
 所有同学扫码完成【英语竞赛】报名和笔试课程学习
 以上项目全部免费 2018-9-28



（本卷满分：140分 考试时间：110分钟）

第 I 卷 选择题 (80分)

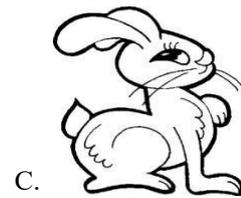
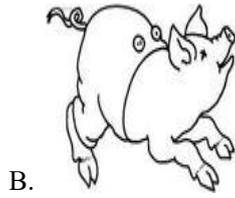
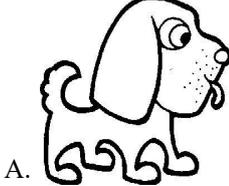
一、听力部分（共 20 小题；每小题 1 分，计 20 分）

听对话回答问题。本部分共有 10 道小题，每道小题你将听到一段对话，每段对话听两遍。在听每段对话前，你将有 5 秒钟的时间阅读题目；听完后，你还有 5 秒钟的时间选择正确答案。在听到嘀的信号后，进入下一小题。

1. How does the girl go to school every day?



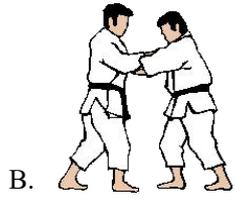
2. What is the animal sign of the girl?



3. Where is the woman going on holiday?



4. What do they like doing in their spare time?



5. What is the girl's favourite subject?

A. Maths.

B. English .

C. PE

6. What does the man most probably do?

A. A driver.

B. A shopkeeper .

C. A doctor.

7. Which colour does the woman think Simon should use?

A. Blue .

B. Yellow.

C. Red.

8. Where is the woman?

A. In a shop .

B. In a hospital .

C. In an office.

9. When will the woman leave for the night school?

A. 5:45 .

B. 5:55 .

C. 5:35.

10. How much does one glass of lemonade cost?

A. \$20.

B. \$3.

C. \$8.

- | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| 41. A. gift | B. promise | C. choice | D. question |
| 42. A. task | B. wisdom | C. shame | D. stress |
| 43. A. real | B. expensive | C. old | D. own |
| 44. A. well | B. poorly | C. nicely | D. carefully |
| 45. A. studies | B. lives | C. jobs | D. feelings |
| 46. A. created | B. changed | C. discussed | D. affected |
| 47. A. plan | B. chance | C. method | D. pleasure |
| 48. A. himself | B. herself | C. myself | D. yourself |
| 49. A. wisely | B. peacefully | C. quickly | D. widely |
| 50. A. talent | B. wealth | C. result | D. difference |

四、阅读理解：(共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，计 30 分)

A

Are you learning English and do you need help with grammar? Do you want to learn new vocabulary or *slang* (俚语)? Well, you can find help online with these top 5 free English as a Second Language websites.

1. *Dave's ESL Cafe*

This is a complete website that can help you learn and practice English. You can read many stories and do a lot of exercises to test yourself. You can also post questions and answers onto the help centre.

2. *About.com*

You can get free English courses from *About.com* and you'll get regular e-mails that will help you learn English.

3. *The Classroom by Voice of America*

You can watch videos and listen to news stories to improve your listening and vocabulary skills. You can also hear English words and their meanings.

4. *Heinle's Newbury House Dictionary of American English*

Do you need to find the definition of a word? Use this online dictionary to find simple and clear definitions, as well as example sentences and *idioms* (习语). You can also find different cultural facts.

5. *Personal English Portal (门户网站) on YouTube*

You can watch this series of videos on *YouTube* to develop your listening skills. You can also do a search for "learn English" on *YouTube* to find other videos. This is a good way to practice English and have fun.

51. If you want to do English exercises and test yourself, you can go to _____.

- | | |
|---------------------------|---|
| A. <i>About.com</i> | B. <i>YouTube</i> |
| C. <i>Dave's ESL Cafe</i> | D. the Classroom by <i>Voice of America</i> . |

52. *About.com* often sends e-mails to its visitors to help them _____.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|
| A. get relaxed | B. have fun | C. become famous | D. learn English |
|----------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|

53. The underlined word "definition" means "_____" in Chinese.

- | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| A. 来源 | B. 释义 | C. 意图 | D. 背景 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|

54. From *Heinle's Newbury House Dictionary of American English*, you can find _____.

- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| A. cultural information | B. online libraries |
| C. interesting news | D. many storybooks |

B

The size and shape of your ears show your character more than any other part of the face. Other parts of the face change shapes as we get older, but ears do not change their shapes. They only change in size.

Reading people's character from their ears is a very old science. In the past people thought that a person's ears with colour was dangerous. They also thought that the shape of the ears showed if a person was musical. Today, too many people believe that the size and shape of the ears help you know if a person is musical.

Ears are all different, and each different thing has a meaning. Next time you look at a person, see if his or her ears are large, medium-size, or small. Look at the lobes (耳垂). Do they stick to the face? Ears that are always red mean that a person may get angry easily. Ears that are always cold and nearly white colour mean that a person has a nervous (神经质) character.

55. When a baby is born, _____.

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. his / her ears are red | B. his / her ears will not change all the life |
| C. his / her ears will not change in shape | D. he / she will get large ears |

56. Reading people's character from their ears is _____.

- A. only for music
C. very new
57. When one's ears are red, it means_____.
- A. he is a kind man
C. he may get angry easily
58. Which may be the best title of the article?
- A. Looking at a person in the right way.
C. The change of ears.
- B. an old idea
D. a good way to talk with others
- B. he is very happy
D. he drinks too much
- B. Ears and colours.
D. Ears and characters.

C

When trouble comes, what do we usually do? We pick up our mobile phones and call for help. That's easy, right? But in an emergency, many people are unable to call for help. Floods and earthquakes come suddenly. Wars can hurt or kill. Successful communication can sometimes mean the difference between life and death.

Meet French NGO Telecoms Sans Frontiers (Telecommunications Without Borders (边际)). Its goal is to use mobile communication technology (技术) to help people in need. TSF began in 1998. First, they opened their main base (总部) in France. Then in 2003, they started another base in Nicaragua. The next year they opened their Thailand base. Now if a disaster hits anywhere in the world, TSF is ready. They can send workers to a disaster area to set up communication systems within 24 hours.

Once TSF arrives at a disaster area, they set up telephone connections and Internet service. They share these services with other international helpers on the scene such as the UN or UNICEF. Mobile communication helps other volunteers do their jobs better.

TSF also offers three-minute phone calls to local people who need to contact their loved ones. These communications can allow people to get together again after being separated. Often the callers are moved to tears after speaking to a relative found to be still alive. Then the families can decide on a safe course of action for their family members.

Since 1998, TSF has helped thousands of people in many countries. Most of the TSF workers does not get paid with money, but the satisfaction (满足) of helping others and changing lives is often a great reward.

59. Telecoms Sans Frontiers is _____.
- A. a mobile phone company from France
C. a mobile phone company from Thailand
- B. a charity group from France
D. a charity group from Thailand
60. What does TSF mainly do?
- A. They teach people how to use Internet service.
B. They provide clean drinking water for people.
C. They offer communication services for people in need.
D. They help other volunteer groups do their jobs better.
61. Which one shows the right order of the following events?
- a. People are moved to cry.
c. A disaster hits somewhere in the world.
e. People make free calls to other family members.
- b. TSF workers set up communication systems.
d. TSF arrives at the disaster area in a short time.
- A. a-b-c-d-e
C. c-d-b-a-e
- B. c-b-d-a-e
D. c-d-b-e-a
62. Which of the following is TRUE?
- A. TSF has a history of over 20 years.
C. TSF provides services for local people only.
- B. Most TSF workers are volunteers.
D. TSF had opened 4 bases all over the world by 2004.

D

Males and females like different colours. Males prefer the colour blue to red, and orange to yellow. Baby boys usually like to be dressed in blue. Females prefer the colour red to blue, and yellow to orange. Baby girls usually like to be dressed in pink. Females and girls like more colours and are more open to trying new colours.

Also, people in different ages like different colours. Babies don't like yellow and they cry more in a yellow room. Children prefer red, yellow, blue, orange, green and purple. Many younger teenage girls like purple and pink. As they reach their late teens, they often show a preference for black. Black means the ending of one part of their life and the beginning of another.

People's colour tastes begin to change around age 25 as they become more sure of themselves and find their

direction in life. Adults seldom change their favourite colours.

For the elderly, yellow is the least popular colour. They are generally more comfortable with the calming colours of blue, green, pink and purple, than the bright colours of red, orange and yellow.

63. What colour do men usually prefer?

- A. Blue and red.
- B. Blue and orange.
- C. Orange and yellow.
- D. Red and yellow.

64. Why do elder teenagers like black?

- A. Because they think black is a safe colour.
- B. Because they think black means they have grown up.
- C. Because they think black is cool.
- D. Because they think black clothes are easy to clean.

65. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Adults are more open to new colours.
- B. We should paint the baby room yellow.
- C. The elderly usually prefer red to blue.
- D. Younger teenage girls prefer pink to black.

第 II 卷 （非选择题 60 分）

五、词汇运用：（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，计 10 分）（每空一词）

- 66. Tommy failed his tests because of _____ (care).
- 67. The singer has a wonderful voice and he is a _____ (birth)singer.
- 68. The color red is often used for _____ (celebrate) in China.
- 69. He gets angry easily. We often tell him not to be so _____ (patient).
- 70. Everyone should devote themselves to _____ (shape) their own good personalities.
- 71. Today people's living _____ (标准) have improved a lot.
- 72. Nobody except Andy is _____ (缺席) from the English class.
- 73. The salesgirl _____ (建议) different clothes to different people.
- 74. My uncle kept _____ (从事) cooking for four months last year.
- 75. In _____ (古代的) times, yellow was the colour of the rulers in China.

六、任务型阅读：（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，计 10 分）

Many people think dreams are full of messages that may not be clear to us common people. But if we think about what is going on in our lives, we can usually come up with an answer. Let's look at some of the most common dreams. What do these dreams mean?

Falling

You're falling, falling, falling... and then you wake up. This dream is said to mean you are afraid of something or worried about something. There may be something in your life that is out of control and there is nothing you can do to stop it. Another explanation is that you may fail in something. Maybe you're not doing well in school or work.

Taking an exam (or forgetting that you have one)

You suddenly realize you have to take an exam at that very moment. You might be running here and there to find your classroom. Experts say this dream may mean you're being tested about something or maybe you are facing a challenge.

Flying

Dreaming that you are flying means you are on top of things. You are in control of the things that matter to you. It may also mean you have confidence in yourself and think no one and nothing can beat you.

Trying to run, but going nowhere

You're trying to run, but either your legs won't move or you simply aren't going anywhere. Some experts think this dream means you're trying to do too many things at once and can't catch up or move forward.

In fact, unlike these dreams, there are also many strange dreams that experts may not be able to explain.

Topic: What do dreams mean?

Descriptions of dreams	<u>76</u> to dreams
Falling	You have something to fear or <u>77</u> about. You <u>78</u> in something like schooling or work.
Taking an exam (or forgetting that you have one)	You're being tested about something or facing something <u>79</u> .
Flying	You're able to <u>80</u> what matters to you. You <u>81</u> in yourself and think you can beat anyone and anything.
Trying to run, but going <u>82</u>	You're trying to do too many things at a <u>83</u> which prevents you from <u>84</u> forward.
Conclusion: We can come up with some <u>85</u> about some dreams, but not all the dreams.	

七、缺词填空：(共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，计 10 分)

根据短文内容和首字母提示，在下文空格处填入适当的词使短文完整。(每空一词)



LeeAdianez Rodriguez is a 12-year-old girl from the USA. L 86 many other girls at her age, she usually spends her free time drawing, dancing. However, running, her new hobby, makes her stand out from others. In fact, she has caught people's a 87 after finishing a race.

A few months ago, she planned to run a 5km race and then trained h 88 for 2 months for it. On the day of the race, she didn't know there was a half-marathon(马拉松) beginning at the same starting line. It started 15 minutes e 89 than her race. When she saw other competitors running, she thought she arrived late for her race and joined them at once.

On the way, she noticed there was s 90 wrong because the race seemed much slower than the 5km she had trained for. It turned out she was running with the half-marathoners on the 21km course and n 91 in the 5km. But she decided to finish it anyway. "What I have learned during the 5km training is to keep r 92," said the young girl. She completed the half-marathon in 2:43:31, which many people said was s 93 for her age.

Her mother became worried when she wasn't a 94 the finishers of the 5km, but later she was excited to see her at the half-marathon finishing line, "She's amazing and strong, I'm p 95 of her." LeeAdianez said she hoped to run a half-marathon again, but she wanted to train for it first next time.

八、书面表达：(共 30 分)

A 完成句子：(共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，计 10 分)

96. 在考试中，我们应该三思每一道题。

97. 谢谢你提醒我昨天我们学的内容。

98. 据说虎年出生的人很勇敢。

99. 吴老师有足够的耐心给我们重复语法规则。

100. 年轻的时候，他宁愿做额外的工作也不愿做固定的工作。

B 写作：（共 20 分）

Simon 想要写一份信给 Mr Wu，推荐 Jack 担任他们的新班长，Jack 的相关情况如下，阅读以下内容，完成这封推荐信。

生肖	最爱的颜色	黄色
虎	原因	代表智慧和成功
个人品质	自信	相信自己能做一切事；不怕在全校师生面前演讲
	聪明	各科成绩获得高分；善于想出各种主意
	勤奋	经常熬夜完成所有作业；乐于为班级做额外的工作

总结	

- 要求：1. 表达清楚，语法正确，上下文连贯；
2. 必须包括表格所有的相关信息，并适当发挥；
3. 词数 100 个左右（信件开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数）；
4. 不得使用真实姓名、校名和地名等。

Dear Mr Wu,

I'm writing to recommend Jack as our new monitor. I think he has many strong qualities for this position.

Best wishes

Simon

全国中学生英语能力竞赛

参赛日历



2018-09-01: 学生扫码进班，免费报名初赛、免费学习竞赛课程、免费领取往年试题。

2018-10-03: 学生扫码进班，提交第一次月考模拟试题答案，免费获得人工智能批改。

2018-10-19: 学生初赛报名截止。

2018-10-20: 学生扫码进班，可提交往年竞赛试题答案，免费获得人工智能批改。

2018-11-11: 学生免费参加初赛。

2018-11-12: 老师批阅初赛试题，老师扫码进班，推荐优秀学生参加决赛。

2018-11-17: 学生扫码进班，可提交各自初赛答案，免费获得人工智能批改。

2018-11-19: 老师决赛推荐截止。

2018-12-03: 学生扫码进班，查看并打印《参赛证》

2018-12-09: 学生按《参赛证》指定考点，自愿自费自行参加决赛。

2019-01-08: 学生查看决赛成绩奖项。

更多资讯: www.2150088.com

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